

PATENT APPLICATION

of

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for a

METHOD AND APPARATUS FOR ACHIEVING GOOD USABILITY FOR  
NETWORKED APPLICATIONS IN MULTI MODE MOBILE TERMINALS

# METHOD AND APPARATUS FOR ACHIEVING GOOD USABILITY FOR NETWORKED APPLICATIONS IN MULTI MODE MOBILE TERMINALS

## TECHNICAL FIELD

5       The present invention pertains to the field of wireless telecommunication networks. More particularly, the present invention pertains to a communication terminal, such as a mobile terminal, establishing connections to such networks (i.e. through such networks to some other communication terminal including e.g. another mobile terminal or a server in a computer network).

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## BACKGROUND ART

15       Mobile terminals today typically have the capability to create a connection to a network; e.g. a mobile terminal (such as a mobile phone) can create a speech call, a circuit-switched data call or a packet data connection. A mobile terminal may support all or only some of these connections types. Even if all connection types are supported, the ability at any particular time to use the different connection types depends on the state of the mobile terminal at the time; i.e. the ability to use a certain connection type depends on the existence of the other possible connections. For example, a GSM (Global System for Mobile communication) GPRS (General Packet Radio Service) Class B phone cannot create a new packet data connection while a speech call is active.

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      Different cellular network systems support different combinations of concurrently active network connections. For example, a GSM network may provide different types of network connections than a WCDMA (Wideband Code Division Multiple Access) network, and so a mobile terminal when connected to a GSM network can have different types of concurrent network connections than when connected to a WCDMA network. Also, a

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mobile terminal may support intersystem handover functionality between different networks, and so a mobile terminal may use a GSM network at one time, and a WCDMA network (or a CDMA2000 network) at another time, and the available network resources may therefore change dynamically, i.e. even during a connection. The term network resource as used here indicates generally connections via an operator network, and also indicates any software or hardware associated with such connections.

In addition, a given cellular network system may support multiple concurrent packet-switched data connections. In case of a network according to 3GPP (Third Generation Partnership Program), the maximum number of network connections available to a mobile in communication via a cellular network system is limited by 3GPP specifications, by the mobile terminal, by the network vendor (by selecting which optional items from the specification to implement), and also by the operator (in selecting the network configuration). Multiple network connections are required to enable concurrent access to multiple networks (e.g. to access an intranet and to access the Internet), and also to support different levels of quality of service for different network connections. The support for multiple concurrent packet-switched data connections may also vary in different cellular network systems even within a single operator's (multi-cellular system) network; for example, there could be support for two connections in GSM, but only one in WCDMA.

Mobile terminals host a set of applications that use network connections. The types and number of applications vary by the mobile terminal vendor and by the mobile terminal model; for example, a mobile terminal can have traditional telephony applications (such as ability to create and receive speech calls), a WAP (wireless access protocol) browser, a MMS (multimedia message system) application and support for dial-

up networking. All these applications share the same limited network resources.

5 A problem faced currently is that there are not enough resources to allow different applications to use a network connection simultaneously. Thus, e.g. a user of a mobile terminal must wait--sometimes for several minutes--while the mobile terminal is receiving an MMS message before the user is able to make a voice call.

10 The prior art teaches having the problem solved manually by the end user. Thus, a user first tries to use an application when another application is running, and if there are not enough resources, the operating system issues an error message to the user, and it is then up to the user to solve the problem. For example, if a user having a Nokia® 9210®  
15 communicator is accessing a network server in a first intranet and needs to access a network server in a second intranet, then the user may need to close the existing connection (to the first intranet) before connection creation to the other (second) intranet is possible.

20 What is needed, therefore, is a way to enable users of mobile terminals to concurrently use multiple applications hosted by the mobile terminals. Ideally, any method enabling concurrent use of different applications is transparent to the user, i.e. the user is not involved in resolving resource  
25 contentions and related problems that must be solved to allow the user to run an application when another application is already running.

#### DISCLOSURE OF THE INVENTION

30 Accordingly, in a first aspect of the invention, a method is provided for use in establishing a network connection on behalf of an application hosted by a device, the method comprising: a step of obtaining information about currently

active cellular network systems; and a step of deciding whether to allow establishing the network connection based on factors including the information about currently active cellular network systems.

5           In accord with the first aspect of the invention, the information about currently active cellular network systems may include information about combinations of different kinds of connections allowed by each currently active cellular network system.

10           Also in accord with the first aspect of the invention, the factors may also include information about connections currently in use or the information about currently active cellular network systems may include information about connections currently in use. Further, the information about  
15 connections currently in use may include at least the number and type of connections currently in use. Further still, the method may also comprise: a step in which a request is made for permission to establish the network connection and the request includes an identifier corresponding to the  
20 application requesting the network connection; and, in addition, the information about connections currently in use may include identifiers for applications using the connections currently in use, and further in addition, the factors may also include the identifier for the application and the  
25 identifiers for applications using the connections currently in use.

          Also in accord with the first aspect of the invention, the factors may also include the maximum amount of concurrent packet switched data allowed by the connections currently in  
30 use.

          Sill also in accord with the first aspect of the invention, the active cellular network systems may include at least a GSM network, a WCDMA network, or a CDMA2000 network.

In a second aspect of the invention, a mobile terminal is provided including means so as to be operative according to the method provided according to the first aspect of the invention, and in particular therefore, so as to be equipped to establish a network connection on behalf of an application hosted by the mobile terminal, with the mobile terminal characterized in that it comprises means, responsive to a signal from the application to establish the connection, for providing a request to allow establishing the connection; and a network resource control module, responsive to a request to allow establishing the connection, and also responsive to information about currently active cellular systems, for determining whether to allow establishing the connection based on factors including the information about currently active cellular network systems. Also in particular and in accord with the second aspect of the invention, the factors may also include information about connections currently in use or the information about currently active cellular network systems may include information about connections currently in use, and the mobile terminal may be further characterized in that it also comprises: means for making a request for permission to establish the network connection with the request including an identifier corresponding to the application requesting the network connection; wherein the information about connections currently in use includes identifiers for applications using the connections currently in use, and further wherein the factors also include the identifier for the application and the identifiers for applications using the connections currently in use. Still also in particular, and in accord with the second aspect of the invention, the mobile terminal may be further characterized in that it also comprises a cellular network information server, responsive to a request to provide the information about currently active cellular systems, for providing such information.

In a third aspect of the invention, a computer program product is provided comprising: a computer readable storage structure embodying computer program code thereon for execution by a computer processor in a telecommunication terminal, with said computer program code characterized in that it includes instructions for performing the steps of a method provided according to the first aspect of the invention.

In a fourth aspect of the invention, a system is provided, comprising an operator network having at least one cellular system, and also comprising a mobile terminal according to the second aspect of the invention.

#### BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

The above and other objects, features and advantages of the invention will become apparent from a consideration of the subsequent detailed description presented in connection with accompanying drawings, in which:

Fig. 1A is a block diagram showing a mobile, of a type in which the present invention can be implemented, in communication with a communication terminal via an operator network, and in particular, via a WCDMA cellular network system of the operator network.

Fig. 1B is a block diagram showing components of a mobile according to the invention, and so having a network resource control entity controlling applications (such as a WAP browser or a MMS application) using the network resources--such as GPRS (General Packet Radio Service) and CSD (circuit-switched data) services--which are also shown, and including a cellular network information module for keeping track of the currently active cellular network system.

Fig. 2 is a flowchart of the method by which a mobile terminal establishes connections to a communication network, according to the invention.

#### BEST MODE FOR CARRYING OUT THE INVENTION

5           The invention is described here first by reference to Figs. 1A and 1B, and in Fig. 1B an arrow terminating a line connecting one module to another indicates a "use" relation (between different software/ firmware components), i.e. a relation in which the module pointed to provides services to  
10           the other module. (Thus, information is provided by the module pointed to, and so in the opposite direction as the arrows point in the figure.)

          Referring now to Fig. 1A, a mobile terminal 10 (mobile terminal can be e.g. mobile phone, PDA, laptop with WLAN card  
15           etc.) adapted so as to operate according to the invention as described below is shown in communication with a communication terminal 19 via an operator network 17 including both a WCDMA cellular network system 17a and a GSM cellular network system 17b, and also via possible intermediate routers 18 (including  
20           perhaps a plain old telephone system, or perhaps the Internet).

          Referring now to Fig. 1B, the mobile terminal 10 is shown as including a network resource control module 11a of a resource manager 11. According to the invention, an  
25           application--such as a WAP (wireless access protocol) browser 14a, a JAVA virtual machine 14b, a MMS (multimedia subsystem) application 14c, or a dial-up networking application 14d-- obtains permission from the network resource control module 11a to establish a network connection (i.e. to use a resource)  
30           before proceeding to actually establish the network connection, but the application is not itself in any way modified by the invention except possibly to provide an identifier for identifying itself in its request for



permission to establish the connection, the identifier  
sufficient to enable the network resource control module 11a  
to determine the type of application making the request for  
permission to establish the connection and so providing a  
5 basis for the resource control module 11a to determine the  
importance of the application relative to any other  
applications already using resources. Besides adapting the  
applications 14a-d to possibly provide identifiers, the mobile  
terminal 10 is so adapted that when an application 14a-d  
10 attempts to establish a network connection, either an IP  
(internet protocol) stack 11b or (in case of dial-up  
networking) an AT command interpreter 11c (for so-called Hayes  
modem AT commands) requests permission from the network  
resource control module 11a on behalf of the application to  
15 establish the network connection. More specifically, when an  
application attempts to make a network connection, the IP  
stack or AT command interpreter obtains permission to use a  
specific bearer connection for providing the network  
connection, and the network connection is then either provided  
20 (by the network resource control module 11a), depending on  
predetermined factors and rules.

Still referring to Fig. 1B, in establishing a connection  
(i.e. to grant the use of a resource) the mobile terminal 10  
uses a call server 15 to create and deactivate circuit  
25 switched data (CSD) calls, and uses a general packet data  
server 16 to create and deactivate packet switched data (PSD)  
connections. In addition, the network resource control 11a  
uses a cellular network information server 12 for obtaining  
information about the currently active cellular network  
30 system(s)--in particular, information such as whether an  
active cellular network system is a GSM or WCDMA network, what  
types of connections are allowed including what combinations  
of concurrent connections are allowed. In deciding whether to  
grant permission to establish the requested connection, the

network resource control sometimes bases its decision on what connections are currently in use, information that either the network resource control 11a maintains for itself, or that the network resource control 11a obtains from the cellular network information server 12 as part of the information about the currently active cellular network system(s), or that is in part maintained by the network resource control 11a and in part provided as part of the information about the currently active cellular network system(s).

Also, the network resource control module 11a uses the call server 15 and the general packet radio server 16 to monitor the status of the resources, i.e. to monitor if there are active calls or packet-switched connections.

In some embodiments, the network resource control module 11a is implemented as a software component separate from the IP stack module 11b and AT command interpreter module 11c, although it is also possible to implement all three modules (i.e. the entire resource manager module 11) as a single software component.

As noted above, in obtaining permission (as described above) to use a network resource (i.e. to establish a network connection) before actually establishing a network connection, the invention provides in some embodiments that an application 14a-d identify itself to the network resource control module 11a. To this end, in some embodiments, applications are each assigned an identifier so that the network resource control module 11a can identify which application (and also what type of application) is using which resource/'connection. The request, actually made to the network resource control module 11a by either the IP stack 11b or the AT command interpreter 11c, includes the application identifier because the IP stack 11b and AT command interpreter 11c are each adapted to obtain and provide the identifiers. The network resource control then

makes a decision on allowing the use of the requested resource based on possibly several different factors: predefined or dynamic rules; the current use of the network resources, typically including e.g. how many connections are in use and the type of each connection in use, and also typically including the applications currently using the network resources already in use; and also the information about the currently active cellular network system(s) (which, as noted above, may or may not include information about the connections currently in use). Only if the network resource control module 11a grants permission does the application proceed to establish the network connection.

Further according to the invention, the mobile terminal 10 is so adapted that an application 14a-d releases an allocated network resource whenever the network resource control module 11a so commands, thus allowing the network resource control module 11a to interrupt any ongoing use of resources to allow higher-priority use of the resources. In addition, an application releases any resource as soon as the application is done using the resource (but need not notify the network control module 11a since the cellular network information server 12 can determine the resource is no longer in use), thus allowing the network resource control 11a to make the resource available for lower priority use.

In case of an inter-system handover, the network resource control module 11a may either interrupt use of a network connection by an application, or may allow the application to continue using the network connection, depending on rules that differ for different cellular network systems, since different cellular network systems in general support different combinations of different types of network connections, and also allow different maximum amounts of concurrent packet switched data.

Referring now to Fig. 2, the invention is shown as including a first step 21 in which either the IP stack 14a or the AT command interpreter 14c receives from an application 14a-d an indication of an attempt to establish a network connection, i.e. to use a network resource. In a next step 22, the IP stack 14a or the AT command interpreter 14c provides to the network control module 11a a request for the connection, along with an identifier corresponding to the application requesting the network connection. In a next step 23a, the cellular network information server 12 obtains info about all currently active cellular network systems. In a next step 23b, the network resource control module 11a obtains from the cellular network information server 12 information about all currently active cellular networks (if any), which, as noted above, may include all or some information about connections currently in use. In a next step 24, the network resource control module 11a determines whether to allow establishing connection based on the various factors mentioned above, i.e. based on predefined or dynamic rules, the current use of the network resources, and the information about the currently active cellular network systems.

If the decision is to allow establishing the connection, then in a next step 25, the network resource control module 11a, after possibly signalling one or more other applications to disconnect, allows the application to proceed establishing the requested connection (via the IP stack or the AT command interpreter). Otherwise, in a next step 26, the network resource control module 11a signals the application that the connection cannot be established.

It should be understood from the above description that the intelligent use of resources by a mobile terminal as provided by the invention is transparent to applications hosted by the mobile terminal; in particular, the applications do not need to know about each other, and so applications for

a mobile terminal need be changed to support the invention only so as to have the applications identify themselves to the IP stack when opening new connections.

5       Note that the invention is clearly of use not only in case of operator networks including GSM networks and WCDMA networks, but also other networks, such as for example, CDMA2000 networks.

10       It is to be understood that the above-described arrangements are only illustrative of the application of the principles of the present invention. Numerous modifications and alternative arrangements may be devised by those skilled in the art without departing from the scope of the present invention, and the appended claims are intended to cover such modifications and arrangements.